



Material Safety Data Sheet

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER:

Product Name: **Fortron FUEL INJECTOR CLEANER SERVICE KIT WITH OCTANE BOOSTER**

Other Names: **FUEL INJECTOR CLEANER SERVICE KIT WITH OCTANE BOOSTER
INJKITOB – Service Kit
1 x FOB – Octane Booster – 250ml bottle
1 x FFIC – Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can**

Recommended Use: This service kit contains two products that will supply the following benefits:

Octane Booster – Octane Booster increases octane by as much as 3 RON. Helps stop ping, knock and hesitation. Contains premium top-end lubricants. Improves fuel economy. Helps clean jets and injectors. Reduces harmful exhaust emissions. Helps neutralise acids in aged or high sulfur fuels. Disperses moisture in fuel and fuel lines. Helps prevent formation of gums and varnish deposits. Suitable for use in leaded, unleaded and high octane petrol.

Fuel Injector Cleaner – For use by Professional Injector Service Agents in ‘On Car’ Injector Cleaning Machine. Combined automotive Fuel/Cleaner for use with Newman K28 safety valve, requiring female screwed safety adaptor incorporated in ‘On Car’ cleaning machines.

Supplier: Fortron Automotive Treatments Pty Ltd
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Perth, Western Australia 6017
ACN 008 872 197 ABN 12 008 872 197

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2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION:

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO CRITERIA OF THE NATIONAL OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH AND SAFETY COMMISSION (NOHSC) AND ALSO WORKSAFE AUSTRALIA.

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Hazard Symbol: Not applicable

Risk Phrase: Not applicable

Safety Phrase: Not applicable

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Hazard Identification: Xn Harmful

Risk Phrase: R45 May cause cancer
R11 Highly flammable
R65 Also harmful; may cause lung damage if swallowed

Safety Phrase: S2 Keep out of the reach of children
S53 Avoid exposure – obtain special instructions before use
S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label where possible)
S23 Do not breathe vapour
S24 Avoid contact with skin
S29 Do not empty into drains
S43 In case of fire, use foam/dry powder/CO². Never use water jets
S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; seek medical advice immediately and how this container or label
S61 Avoid release into the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety Data Sheets

3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Proportion % w/w</u>
Petroleum Distillate	64742-94-5	> 10%
Petroleum Distillate	64742-95-6	> 10%
Aliphatic Hydrocarbon	64742-47-8	> 10%
Methycyclopentadienyl		
Manganese Tricarbonyl	12108-13-3	> 10%
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene	108-67-8	> 5%
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	> 5%



3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS: - continued

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

<u>Chemical Name</u>	<u>CAS Number</u>	<u>Proportion % w/w</u>
Refined Mineral Oil	84741-91-9	1.5%
Aromatic Hydrocarbon	108-88-3	35%
Petroleum Gasoline	36290-81-5	41%
Benzene	71-43-2	< 0.30%
Methyl Isobutyl Carbinol	108-11-2	3%
N-Methyl Pyrrolidone	872-50-4	17%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Swallowed: If swallowed and person is conscious, give milk to drink. If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting except on advice of medical personnel. If advice cannot be obtained, take person and container to nearest emergency treatment centre. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 03 4747 000 (Not after May 2005) or 0800 764 766; or a doctor (at once).

Eye: If contact with the eye(s) occur, immediately hold the eye open and wash continuously for at least 15 minutes with fresh running water. Seek medical attention if irritation persists.

Skin: In case of contact, remove contaminated clothing and wash before re-use. Wash skin thoroughly with water and soap.

Inhaled: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If rapid recovery does not follow, seek medical attention.

First Aid Facilities: Safety shower, mild soap and eye wash facilities.

Advice to Doctor: Treat symptomatically.



4. FIRST AID MEASURES: - continued

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Swallowed:	If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting. Rinse or wash out mouth with plenty of water after which if victim is conscious, give a glass of water to drink. Avoid giving milk or oils, and avoid giving alcohol. Seek medical attention. For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre. Phone Australia 13 1126; New Zealand 03 4747 000 (Not after May 2005) or 0800 764 766; or a doctor (at once).
Eye:	If contact with the eye(s) occur, immediately hold the eye open and wash continuously for at least 15 minutes with fresh running water. Ensure irrigation under eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Skilled personnel should only undertake removal of contact lenses after an eye injury.
Skin:	If solids or aerosol mists are deposited upon the skin wash affected areas thoroughly with water and soap if available. Remove any adhering solids with industrial skin cleansing cream. Do not use solvents. Seek medical attention in the event of irritation.
Inhaled:	Remove the source of contamination or move the victim to fresh air. Administer artificial respiration if breathing has stopped. Keep at rest. Call for prompt medical attention.
First Aid Facilities:	Safety shower, mild soap and eye wash facilities.
Advice to Doctor:	For acute or short term repeated exposures to petroleum distillates or related hydrocarbons:- 1. Primary threat to life, from pure petroleum distillate ingestion and/or inhalation, is respiratory failure. 2. Patients should be quickly evaluated for signs of respiratory distress and give oxygen. Patients with inadequate tidal volumes or poor arterial blood gases should be intubated. (Ellenhorn and Barceloux : Medical Toxicology)

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Extinguishing Media:	Use foam, dry chemical, carbon dioxide, vaporising liquid or water delivered as a fine spray.
Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:	Combustible liquid, C2.
Fire Fighting Precautions:	Self contained breathing apparatus and protective clothing should be worn in fighting large fires involving chemicals. Determine the need to evacuate or isolate the area according to your local emergency plan. Use water spray to keep fire exposed containers cool.
Hazchem Code:	None Allocated



5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES: - continued

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Extinguishing Media:	In case of fire use water spray, dry chemical or CO ² .
Unusual Fire & Explosion Hazards:	Liquid and vapour are highly flammable. Severe fire hazard when exposed to heat or flame. Vapour forms an explosive mixture with air. Severe explosion hazard, in the form of vapour, when exposed to flame or spark. Vapour may travel considerable distance to source of ignition. Heating may cause expansion or decomposition leading to violent rupture of containers. Containers may explode on exposure to naked flames. Rupturing containers may rocket and scatter burning materials. Hazards may not be restricted to pressure effects. May emit acrid, poisonous or corrosive fumes. On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Other combustion products include carbon dioxide. (CO ²).
Fire Fighting Precautions:	<p>Fire fighters should wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus. If large amounts, or corrosive or toxic products are involved, wear SCBA and chemical splash suit.</p> <p>Fight fire from protected position or use unmanned hose holders or monitor nozzles. If safe to do so, move undamaged containers from fire area. Do not approach hot containers. Cool containers with water before handling. If impossible to extinguish fire, protect surroundings, withdraw from area and allow fire to burn.</p>
Hazchem Code:	2Y

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Emergency Procedures:	Eliminate all sources of ignition in the vicinity of the spill or released vapour. Stop the source of the leak or release. Clean up releases as soon as possible. Observing precautions in personal protection equipment. Contain liquid to prevent further contamination of soil, surface water or ground water.
Methods and Materials for Containment and Clean Up:-	Small Spills: Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses. Shut off all possible sources of ignition (flames, hot surfaces and electrical, static or frictional sparks). Increase ventilation. Absorb with inert material and dispose of in accordance with local, state and federal regulations. Incinerate only in approved facility. Do not incinerate closed containers.



6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES: - continued

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Large Spills: Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage entering drains or watercourses. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Increase ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse/absorb vapour. Absorb or cover spill with sand, earth, inert materials or vermiculite. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.

Disposal: Follow state or local authority regulations and guidelines for disposal of the waste. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or water courses – inform the local authorities if this occurs.

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Emergency Procedures: Methods and materials for containment and clean up:-

Procedures in case of
Breakage or Leakage:

Minor Spill:

Clean up spills immediately. Avoid breathing vapours and contact with skin and eyes. Wear protective clothing, impervious gloves and safety glasses. Shut off all possible sources of ignition and increase ventilation. Wipe up. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely.

Major Spill:

Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. May be violently or explosively reactive. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves. Prevent, by any means available, spillage entering drains or watercourses. No smoking, naked lights or ignition sources. Increase ventilation. Stop leak if safe to do so. Water spray or fog may be used to disperse/absorb vapour. Absorb or cover spill with sand, earth, inert materials or vermiculite. If safe, damaged cans should be placed in a container outdoors, away from ignition sources, until pressure has dissipated. Undamaged cans should be gathered and stowed safely. Collect residues and seal in labelled drums for disposal.

Other Information:

Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal. Discharge contents of damaged aerosol cans at approved site. Allow small quantities to evaporate. DO NOT incinerate or puncture aerosol cans. Bury residues and empty aerosol cans at approved site.



7. HANDLING AND STORAGE:

Octane Booster - 250ml bottle

Combustible Liquid, C2.

Precautions for Safe
Handling:

Avoid skin and eye contact.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store and dispense only in well ventilated areas away from heat and sources of ignition. Keep apart from oxidising substances.

Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail.

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Precautions for
Safe Handling:

Store in original containers. Check that containers are clearly labelled.

Conditions for Safe Storage:

Store in original containers in approved flameproof area. Do not store in pits, depressions, basements or areas where vapour may be trapped. No smoking, naked lights, heat or ignition sources.

Keep containers securely sealed. Contents under pressure.

Avoid storage with oxidising agents, strong acids and alkalis, organic peroxides, alkali metals, aluminium and magnesium powders.

Store away from incompatible materials. Store in a cool, dry well ventilated area. Avoid storage at temperatures higher than 40°C. Store in an upright position. Protect containers against physical damage.

Check regularly for spills and leaks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

National Exposure Standards:

The following exposure standards have been issued by OSHA/ACGIH

	TWA		STEL	
	ppm	mg/m ³	ppm	mg/m ³
Liquid hydrocarbons		5		10



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION: continued

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Exposure Standard means the average concentration of a particular substance in the worker's breathing zone, exposure to which, according to current knowledge, should not cause adverse health effects nor cause undue discomfort to nearly all workers. It can be of three forms; time-weighted average (TWA), peak limitation, or short term exposure limit (STEL).

Time-weighted average (TWA) is defined as the concentration of that substance over an eight-hour working shift, and apply to an eight-hour day, for a five-day working week over an entire working lifetime. Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL) and Peak Limitations may also be specified for short periods of exposure such as 15 minutes.

Engineering Controls:

Use local exhaust ventilation to control mists or vapours. Additional ventilation may be required to maintain air concentrations below recommended limits.

Personal Protective
Equipment:

Avoid contact with the skin and eyes, and avoid breathing vapours or mists.

Respirator Type (AS 1716)

Airborne concentrations should be kept to lowest levels possible. If vapours, mists or fumes are generated and the occupational exposure limit of the product, or any component of the product, is exceeded, use appropriate AS/NZS 1715/1716 approved air purifying or air supplied respirator after determining the airborne concentration of the contaminant. Air supplied respirators should always be worn when airborne concentration of the contaminant or oxygen content is unknown.

Skin Protection

If skin contact is likely, wear impervious protective clothing and/or gloves. Soiled work clothing should be laundered or dry-cleaned.

Eye Protection

If eye contact is likely, then it is recommended that safety glasses or goggles be used.

A time weighted average (TWA) concentration for an 8 hour day, and 5 day week has not been established by NOHSC Australia for any of the major ingredients in this product. There is a blanket limit of 10mg/m³ for dusts or mists when limits have not otherwise been established.



8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION: - continued

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

National Exposure Standards: None assigned for mixture. Refer to individual constituents.

Exposure Standard means the average concentration of a particular substance in the worker's breathing zone, exposure to which, according to current knowledge, should not cause adverse health effects nor cause undue discomfort to nearly all workers. It can be of three forms; time-weighted average (TWA), peak limitation, or short term exposure limit (STEL).

Time-weighted average (TWA) is defined as the concentration of that substance over an eight-hour working shift, and apply to an eight-hour day, for a five-day working week over an entire working lifetime. Short Term Exposure Limits (STEL) and Peak Limitations may also be specified for short periods of exposure such as 15 minutes.

Engineering Controls:

Use adequate ventilation to keep the airborne concentrations below the Worksafe exposure standards. If inhalation risk of overexposure exists, wear AS1715/1716 approved respirator – air-purifying type. Correct fit is essential to obtain adequate protection.

Provide adequate ventilation in warehouse or closed storage areas.

Personal Protective Equipment:

Respirator Type (AS1716)

Airborne concentrations should be kept to lowest levels possible. If vapour, mist or dust is generated and the occupational limit of the product or any component of the product, is exceeded, use appropriate AS/NZS1715/1716 approved air purifying or air supplied respirator after determining the airborne concentration of the contaminant. Air supplied respirators should be worn when airborne concentration of the contaminant or oxygen content is unknown.

Skin Protection:

No special equipment needed when handling small quantities. Soiled work clothing should be laundered or dry-cleaned.

Eye Protection:

No special eye protection is necessary when handling in small quantities. If eye contact is likely, then it is recommended that safety glasses or goggles be used. Contact lenses pose a special hazard; soft lenses may absorb irritants and all lenses concentrate them.

Hygiene Recommendations: Keep an eye wash fountain available. Keep safety shower available. If clothing is contaminated, remove clothing and thoroughly wash the affected area. Launder contaminated clothing before re-use.



9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Appearance:	Liquid amber in colour
Odour:	Slightly oily odour
pH:	Not applicable
Vapour Pressure:	Not applicable
Vapour Density:	Not available
Boiling Point:	Not applicable
Melting Point:	Not available
Solubility in Water:	Nil
Specific Gravity:	0.83
Flashpoint:	ASTM D93 (75°) Non flammable
Flammability Limits:	LEL Not applicable UEL Not applicable
Volatiles:	> 90%

Fuel Injector Cleaner 300gm aerosol can

Appearance:	Light purple colour
Odour:	Characteristic naphtha odour
pH:	Not available
Vapour Pressure:	Not determined
Vapour Density:	Not determined
Boiling Point:	Not determined
Melting Point:	Not determined
Solubility in Water:	Negligible
Specific Gravity:	Not determined
Flashpoint:	14°C
Flammability Limits:	LEL - None allocated UEL - None allocated
Auto Ignition Temperature:	Not applicable
Viscosity:	Not applicable

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal conditions of storage and handling.
Conditions to Avoid:	Combustible substance. Remove all sources of ignition, heat and naked flames.
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid oxidizing agents.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	None applicable.
Hazardous Reactions:	None applicable.



10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY: - continued

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Chemical Stability:	Stable under normal use conditions.
Conditions to Avoid:	Avoid naked lights, heat or ignition sources.
Incompatible Materials:	Avoid storage with oxidising agents, strong acids and alkalis, organic peroxides, alkali metals, aluminium and magnesium powders.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:	On combustion, may emit toxic fumes of carbon monoxide (CO). Other combustion products include carbon dioxide (CO ²).
Hazardous Reactions:	Not determined.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE

Swallowed:	Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial and industrial environments. Ingestion of this material may be harmful (if swallowed and causes vomiting, pain and nausea). Aspiration during ingestion or vomiting can result in severe pulmonary damage.
Eye:	May cause slight irritation, discomfort, redness and temporary impaired vision to the eyes.
Skin:	The liquid is irritating to the skin and is capable of causing skin reactions, which may lead to dermatitis from repeated exposures over long periods.
Inhaled:	The vapour/mist is discomforting and is characterised by headaches, nausea and dizziness. Prolonged inhalation will cause fatigue and loss of co-ordination.
Chronic:	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause dermatitis.



11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION: continued

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

HUMAN HEALTH HAZARDS - ACUTE

Swallowed: Considered an unlikely route of entry in commercial/industrial environments. The liquid is toxic and irritating to the gastro-intestinal tract. Ingestion may result in nausea, pain, vomiting. Vomit entering lungs by aspiration may cause potentially fatal chemical pneumonitis.

Eye: The vapour is irritating to the eyes. The liquid is highly irritating and is capable of causing pain and severe conjunctivitis. Corneal injury may develop, with possible permanent impairment of vision, if not promptly and adequately treated.

Skin: The liquid is irritating to the skin, it is slowly absorbed and is capable of causing skin reactions, which may lead to dermatitis from repeated exposures over long periods. Toxic effects may result from skin absorption. Exposure limits with skin notation indicate that vapour and liquid may be absorbed through intact skin. Absorption by skin may readily exceed vapour inhalation exposure. Symptoms for skin absorption are the same as for inhalation.

Inhaled: The vapour is highly irritating to the upper respiratory tract. Inhalation hazard is increased at higher temperatures. Inhalation exposure may cause susceptible individuals to show change in heart beat rhythm i.e., cardiac arrhythmia. Exposure must be terminated. Acute effects from inhalation of high concentrations of solvent vapour are pulmonary irritation, including coughing with nausea; central nervous system depression – characterised by headache and dizziness; and increased reaction time, fatigue and loss of co-ordination.

If exposure to highly concentrated solvent atmosphere is prolonged this may lead to narcosis, unconsciousness, even coma and possible death.

Chronic: Principal routes of exposure are by skin contact/absorption and inhalation of mist/vapour. Chronic solvent inhalation exposures may result in nervous system impairment and liver blood changes. (PATTYS) Prolonged or continuous skin contact with the liquid may cause defatting with drying, cracking, irritation and dermatitis following.

WARNING: Intentional misuse by concentrating/inhaling contents may be fatal.



12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Avoid contaminating waterways.

Ecotoxicity: No information is available on this product.

Persistence and degradability: No information is available on this product.

Mobility: No information is available on this product.

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Ecotoxicity: No information available for this product.

Persistence and degradability: No information available for this product.

Mobility: No information available for this product.

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Disposal Methods and Containers: Disposal: Follow state or local authority regulations and guidelines for disposal of the waste. Do not allow to enter drains, sewers or water courses – inform the local authorities if this occurs.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration: No special precautions required for product.

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Disposal Methods and Containers: Consult State Land Management Authority for disposal. Discharge contents of damaged aerosol cans at approved site. Allow small quantities to evaporate. DO NOT incinerate or puncture aerosol cans.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration: Bury residues and empty aerosol cans at approved site.



14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

UN Number: None Allocated
UN Proper Shipping Name: None Allocated
Class and Subsidiary Risk: None Allocated
Packaging Group: None Allocated
Special Precaution for user: None Allocated
Hazchem Code: None Allocated

Not classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road or Rail.

Land Transport (ADG):
Proper Shipping Name: Product is not regulated during transportation.

Air Transport (ICAO/IATA):
Proper Shipping Name: Product is not regulated during transportation.

Marine Transport (IMDG/IMO):
Proper Shipping Name: Product is not regulated during transportation.

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

UN Number: 1950
UN Proper Shipping Name: Aerosols
Class and Subsidiary Risk: 2.1
Packaging Group: Not applicable
Hazchem Code: 2Y
Poisons Schedule: Not applicable

Classified as a Dangerous Good according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Good by Road and Rail

Class 2.1 – Flammable Gas

Fuel Injector Cleaner shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with

- Class 1 Explosives
- Class 5.1 Oxidising agents (where the miscellaneous dangerous substances are capable of igniting and burning).
- Class 5.2 Organic peroxides (where the miscellaneous dangerous substances are capable of igniting and burning).
- Class 7 Radioactive substances.

DATE OF ISSUE: 10th December, 2008
DOC No: MSDS.190
ISSUE: D





15. REGULATORY INFORMATION:

Octane Booster – 250ml bottle

Statement of Hazardous Nature: Not classified as Hazardous according to the criteria of National Occupational Health and Safety Commission (NOHSC)

Hazard Symbol: Not applicable

Risk Phrase: Not applicable

Safety Phrase: Not applicable

Fuel Injector Cleaner – 300gm aerosol can

Classified as Hazardous according to criteria of Worksafe Australia

Hazard Identification: Xn Harmful

Risk Phrase: R45 May cause cancer
R11 Highly flammable
R65 Also harmful; may cause lung damage if swallowed

Safety Phrase: S2 Keep out of the reach of children
S53 Avoid exposure – obtain special instructions before use
S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show label where possible)
S23 Do not breathe vapour
S24 Avoid contact with skin
S29 Do not empty into drains
S43 In case of fire, use foam/dry powder/CO². Never use water jets
S62 If swallowed, do not induce vomiting; seek medical advice immediately and how this container or label
S61 Avoid release into the environment. Refer to special instructions/Safety data sheets.

16. OTHER INFORMATION:

Date of Issue: 10th December, 2008

MSDS Number: MSDS:190

Issue Number: D

Please Note:
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